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EUROPEAN TRAINING COURSE  
**COMENIUS Az. 2.2 SOCRATES Project**  
**IT-2012-912-008**

**“STRATEGIES TO ENCOURAGE  
TRAINING SUCCESS”**

“Strategie per favorire il Successo Formativo”



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I.S.P.E.F di Roma

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School \_\_\_\_\_

Nationality \_\_\_\_\_





**EUROPEAN TRAINING COURSE  
COMENIUS Az. 2.2 Progetto SOCRATES  
IT-2012-912-008  
“STRATEGIES to ENCOURAGE  
TRAINING SUCCESS ”**

**SUMMARY**

**1. The EDUCATIONAL MODEL to PROMOTE the TRAINING SUCCESS**

- A. The activities to achieve educational success
- B. Success Training and Education System
- C. The areas and the characteristics of the school system to Training Success

**2. ANALYSIS of CASES**

- \* Teachers Teaching
- \* Students Learning

**3. EXECUTIVES MANAGEMENT**

**4. SOCIAL CONTEXT**

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**The EDUCATIONAL MODEL  
to PROMOTE the TRAINING SUCCESS**

**A. THE ACTIVITIES TO ACHIEVE EDUCATIONAL SUCCESS**

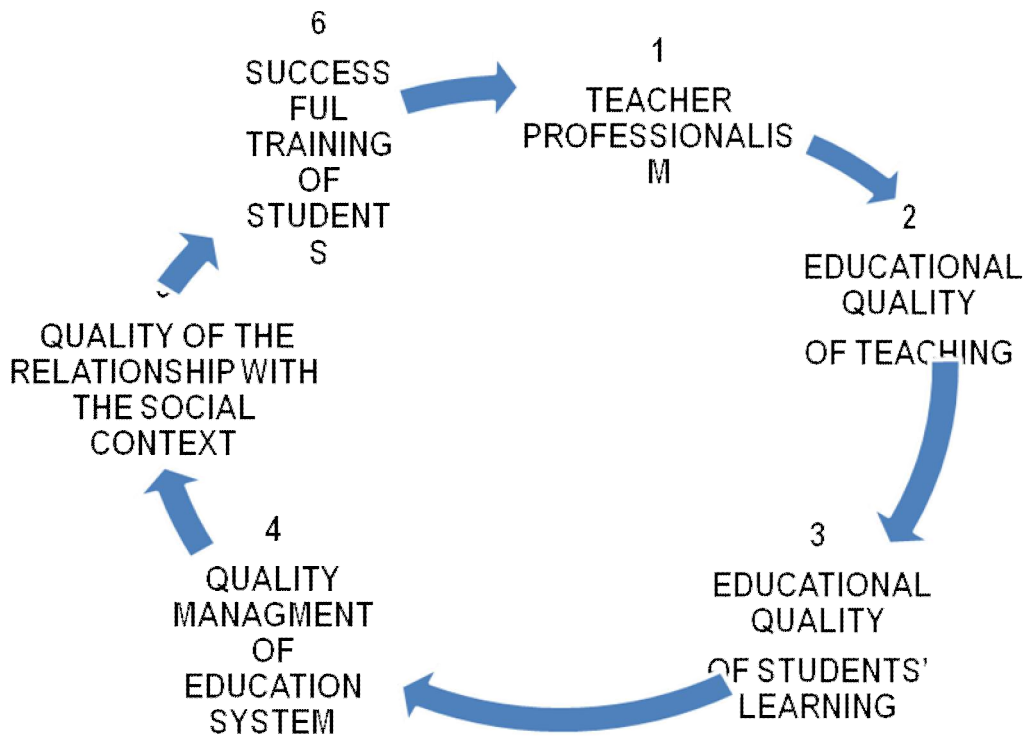
To obtain Training Success is necessary to realize and structuring educational-didactical activities in the following way:

<b>INITIAL PHASE</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTATION PHASE</b>	<b>FINAL PHASE</b>
1. Analyze the situation and the available resources	1. Organization and implementation of the action plan to obtain training success.	1. Monitoring of the training development carried out in School System.
2. Planning the development of the implementation phase	2. Choices and implementations of operational solutions for achieve the design objectives	2. Evaluation of the training development of carried out in Educational Contest.
3. Prepare the necessary materials for the implementation Phase	3. Selection and use of resources necessary to stimulate the training success.	3. Modification of the project for the improvement of didactical process and Results to achieve.

**The Training Success is characterized by the realization of the cycle processes:**

- 1 - Teacher Professionalism**
- 2 - Quality of Training in Teaching of Teachers,**
- 3 - Quality of Training in Learning of Students,**
- 4 - Managerial Quality of School System,**
- 5 - Quality of relationship with the Social Context,**
- 6 – Students’ Training Success.**

The cycle is formed by a continuous process, without a beginning and an end, in which any activity influence the following one.

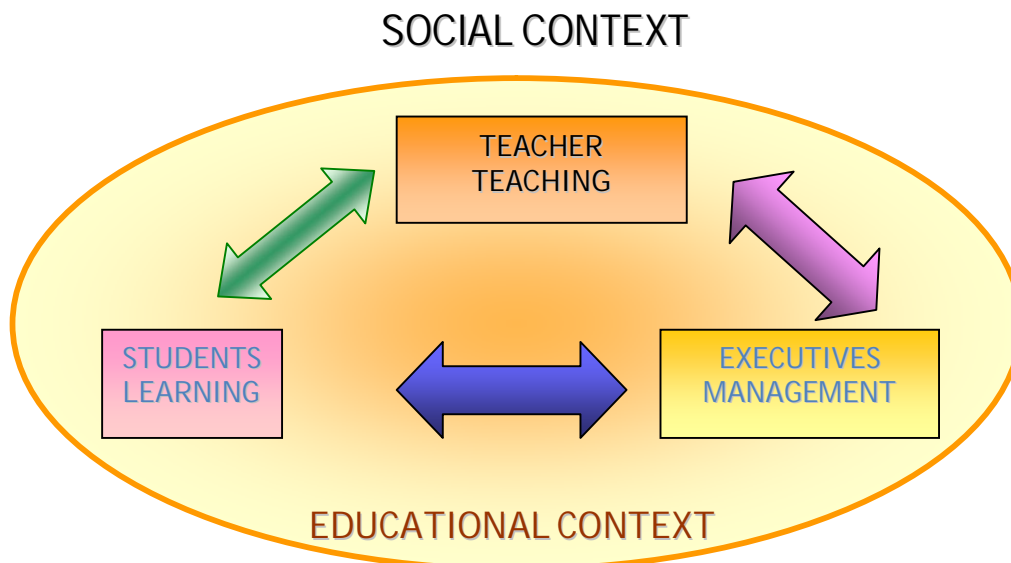


**B. SUCCESS TRAINING AND EDUCATION SYSTEM**

To understand how promote training success, you must consider the fact that the school system is formed by the following 4 aspects, in dynamic interaction with each other:

- Social Context
- Teacher Teaching
- Students learning
- Executives Management.

The interrelationships between the various aspects are illustrated in the following diagram:





THE EDUCATIONAL CONTEXT CONTAINS 3 ASPECTS :  
TEACHING/LEARNING/MANAGEMENT OF SCHOLASTIC SYSTEM.

## PEDAGOGICAL MODEL OF TRAINING SUCCESS

### C. AREAS and FEATURES of the SCHOOL SYSTEM for a SUCCESSFUL TRAINING

#### \*TEACHER TEACHING AREA

The main features to facilitate training success are:

1. *cooperative or collaboration learning* with external actors from the school;
2. the development of teaching skills, acquired through crossed-transverse routes;
3. *research-action* as the main methodology of training;
4. learning of knowledge based on living context and on *problem solving* strategies;
5. flexibility of teaching actions also characterized by *learning by doing* and *work based learning*;
6. the acquisition of skills in the design of educational tours and formative assessment;
7. the promotion of the motivations and expectations of teachers and students.

#### \*STUDENTS LEARNING AREA

The main features to facilitate training success are:

- |                                 |        |                               |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Didactical- Operative Aspect |        | <b>know-how</b>               |
| 2. Logic-Cognitive Aspect       | —————> | <b>be able to know</b>        |
| 3. Psycho-Emotional Aspect      | —————> | <b>know how to be</b>         |
| 4. Socio-Relational Aspect      | —————> | <b>be able to communicate</b> |

#### 3. EXECUTIVES MANAGEMENT AREA

The main features to facilitate the training success are:

1. the satisfaction of students, teachers, Management and Families;
2. the construction and analysis of quality of Training Services;
3. Monitoring and activities of redesign and improvement of educational results of students;
4. the promotion and evaluation of quality of school system;
5. Monitoring and improvement of facilities and activities in school context.

#### 4. SOCIAL CONTEXT AREA

The main features to facilitate training success are:

1. design involving the institutional, cultural and economic context of the Social Context;
2. the needs and expectations of the Educating Community and the Social Context;
3. the training intervention of the School System into a logic system and quality of the Social Context;
4. communication and participation of educational institution in the activities of Social Context;
5. collaboration and educational continuity between educational institutions of Social Context.



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**TEAM WORK - CASE ANALYSIS**

**For TEACHERS TEACHING**

A) **PROFESSIONALISM TEACHER, THE MOTIVATION TO TEACH**

In a school a teacher shows difficulty in developing his lessons in class and he cannot find support either in the direction or in colleagues. This condition of solitude led him to be less and less willing to cooperate with the institution and involved in the activities of the students.

Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.

B) **TEACHING AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

In a school class the majority of teachers teach in a traditional way, declaring to obtain good results. One of the teachers, however, get the students used to research, problem solving, autonomous choice in social comparison. This, cause interest in the students, and produces trouble and misunderstanding in colleagues and often complaints from the families, because they would like their children spent more time studying and less time arguing each other and play.

Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.

C) **CURRICULAR FLEXIBILITY**

In a school, students shows impatient for the development of traditional academic programs, with disciplines develop in the timeline without any logical connection. Teachers complain about the lack of attention of students in the classes and of them poor performance.

Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.



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### **CASE ANALYSIS for TEACHERS TEACHING**

### **A. PROFESSIONALISM TEACHER, the MOTIVATION to TEACH**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ NATIONALITY \_\_\_\_\_  
STUDENTS AGE: from 10 to 13

#### **ANALYSIS**

1. The attention of students is low.
2. There is a lack of communication with students to improve the learning.
3. There is a lowly participation of students' parents.

#### **CAUSES**

1. The work doesn't correspond to the remuneration.
2. The methodology applied doesn't produce the interaction with students

#### **SOLUTION**

1. Collaborative learning
2. Problem solving
3. Action research as the main methodology of training;
4. Construction and application of initial questionnaire
5. Exhibition of the documentation produced



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### **CASE ANALYSIS for TEACHERS TEACHING**

### **B. TEACHING and RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ NATIONALITY \_\_\_\_\_  
STUDENTS AGE: from 10 to 13

#### **ANALYSIS**

1. The students not interested in lessons.
2. There are not successful.
3. The students prefer to leave school at an early

#### **CAUSES**

1. The curriculum is not suitable for students
2. They don't have enough motivation
3. The parents' attitudes have turned to different interests of the school
4. Crowded classes
5. The parents don't pay enough attention to their children
6. Difference in school conditions

#### **SOLUTION**

6. Use of TIC
7. Learning by doing
8. Peer education
9. Self-assessment





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### **CASE ANALYSIS for TEACHERS TEACHING**

#### **C. CURRICULAR FLEXIBILITY**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ SCHOOL SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

**ANALYSIS**

**CAUSES** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SOLUTION** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



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**TEAM WORK - CASE ANALYSIS**  
**FOR STUDENTS' LEARNING**

***A) LANGUAGES AND MODELS OF COMMUNICATION***

In a classroom teachers have implemented a transformation of teaching based on the use of new communication technologies and the mass media. The results achieved, after an initial positive phase, stood on those of other classes with traditional teaching. Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.

***B) DIFFICULTIES IN LEARNING***

In a class more than half of the students have difficulty to understand the content of the lessons and to apply to study at home. Teachers find the cause in the habit to lack of applications and distractions outside the school. The parents show powerless to intervene and accuse the teachers to show careless for students with difficulty. Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.

***C) KNOWLEDGE OF HIMSELF***

In a class some students disrupt all the time and do everything they can to show off so as to offer a negative image. Repeatedly taken up and punished, continue to develop actions contrary to the performance of the regular classes. The attitude of teachers towards them is closed one. Analyzed the case, highlighting the terms of the problem, its causes linked to the organization and students' learning and highlight some possible case solutions.



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**CASE ANALYSIS for STUDENTS’ LEARNING**

**A. LANGUAGES and MODELS of COMMUNICATION**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ NATIONALITY \_\_\_\_\_

STUDENTS AGE: from 10 to 13

**ANALYSIS** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**CAUSES** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SOLUTION** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

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**“Strategies to encourage training success”**  
**CASE ANALYSIS for STUDENTS’ LEARNING**  
**B. DIFFICULTIES IN LEARNING**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ TEAM \_\_\_\_\_

**ANALYSIS** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**CAUSES** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SOLUTION** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



# “Strategies to encourage training success”

## **CASE ANALYSIS for STUDENTS' LEARNING** **C. KNOWLEDGE BY HIMSELF**

TEACHER \_\_\_\_\_ TEAM \_\_\_\_\_

**ANALYSIS** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**CAUSES** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SOLUTION** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
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